Labdhṛi, dhā, dhrī, dhṛi, one who obtains or receives, a receiver, gainer, recipient.

Labdhṛima, as, ā, am, obtained, received, attained.

Labdhvā, ind. having obtained or gained, having got.

Labha in *ishal-l°, dur-l°,* q.q.v.v.

Labhana, am, n. the act of obtaining or getting, the meeting with, gaining possession of; the act of conceiving, conception.

Labhasa, as, m. a horse's foot-rope, a rope for tying a horse (=*vāji-bandhana*); wealth, riches; one who asks or solicits, a solicitor.

Labhya, as, ā, am, to be found or met with, capable of being acquired, acquirable, obtainable, attainable, procurable, to be reached (see *prāṇ-ṣu-l°*); to be understood or known, intelligible; suitable, proper, fit; to be furnished or provided with.

Labhyamāna, as, ā, am, being obtained, being acquired. &c.

Lambha, as, m. the obtaining or attaining, attainment, acquirement; finding, meeting with, recovery; gain; (*ā*), f. a sort of fence or enclosure.

Lambhaka, as. m. one who obtains, an obtainer, one who finds, a finder.

Lambhana, am, n. the act of obtaining or receiving, attainment, recovery; the act of procuring, causing to get; abuse, reviling (?).

Lambhanīya, as, ā, am, to be obtained or received, to be attained, attainable.

Lambham, ind. having taken or obtained, (*lambham lambham,* repeatedly taking, &c.)

Lambhayat, an, antī, at, causing to obtain, procuring, producing.

Lambhita, as, ā, am (fr. the Caus.), caused to obtain or receive, given, procured, gained; heightened, improved; cherished; applied, employed, adapted; addressed, spoken to; abused (?). — *Lambhita-kānti, is, is, i,* one who has acquired lustre or beauty.

Lambhuka, as, ā, am, Ved. one who is accustomed to receive.

Lābha, as, m. obtaining, receiving, gaining, getting, meeting with, finding, acquirement, acquisition; gain, advantage, profit; capture, conquest; apprehension, comprehension, perception, knowledge; enjoying; =*prāpti,* N. of the eleventh astrological house or lunar mansion; [cf. Slav. *lovu.*] — *Lābha-kara, as, ā* or *ī, am,* or *lābha-kṛit, t, t, t,* causing gain, making or procuring profit, gainful, profitable. — *Lābha-lipsā,* f. greediness of gain, avarice, covetousness. — *Lābha-lipsu, us, us, u,* desirous of gain or profit, covetous, grasping. — *Lābha-vat, ān, atī, at,* having gain or profit; being in possession of. — *Lābhālābha* (*°bha-al°*), *au,* m. du. profit and loss, advantage and disadvantage, gain and detriment.

Lābhaka, as, m. gain, profit, advantage.

Lābham, ind. =*lambham.*

Lābhin, ī, inī, i, obtaining, gaining, meeting with, finding, receiving, acquiring.

Lābhya, am, n. =*lābha* (according to some).

Lipsā, f. (fr. the Desid.), the desire to gain, wish to acquire or obtain, desire for possessing.

Lipsita, as, ā, am, wished to be obtained, coveted, desired.

Lipsitavya, as, ā, am, desirable to be obtained, to be wished for.

Lipsu, us, us, u, wishing to gain or obtain, desiring to become possessed of (with acc.), eager for, desirous of, covetous. — *Lipsu-tā,* f. the state of wishing to obtain, covetousness.

Lipsya, as, ā, am, to be wished to be obtained, desirable to be acquired, eligible.

Lipsitavya, as, ā, am, Ved. worthy of being acquired, desirable.

लम *lam* (a later form of rt. *ram*), cl. 1. P. *lamati* (=*ramatī*), *lalāma* (=*rarāma*), &c., to delight in, sport, enjoy (sexually).

Lamaka, as, m. =*ramaka,* a lover, wooer, paramour, (according to Ujjvala-datta, Uṇādi-s. II. 33, =*tirtha-śodhaka*); a proper N.

लम्न *lamna, ās,* m. pl., N. of a particular tribe.

लम्पक *lampaka, ās,* m. pl., N. of a Jaina sect.

लम्पट *lampaṭa, as, ā, am* (perhaps connected with rt. *lap;* cf. *limpaṭa*), covetous, greedy, desirous, lustful; hankering after, addicted to (licentious pleasures), lascivious, dissolute; (*as*), m. a libertine, lecher, dissolute person. — *Lampaṭa-tā,* f. or *lampaṭa-tva, am,* n. eagerness, greediness; libertinism, lasciviousness, dissoluteness, lewdness.

Lampāka, as, ā, am, =*lampaṭa;* (*as*), m., N. of a country (=*murauṇḍa;* according to some the district of Lamghan in Cabul).

लम्पा *lampā,* f., N. of a town; of a kingdom. — *Lampā-paṭaha, as,* m. a kind of drum (=*pratipatti-paṭaha, ṭaṭṭarī*).

लम्फ *lampha, as,* m. a leap, spring, jump; [cf. *jhampa.*]

Lamphana, am, n. leaping, springing, jumping, (a form *ul-lamphana,* 'jumping up,' is given.)

लम्ब् *lamb* (a later form of rt. *ramb*), cl. 1. A. *lambate* (sometimes also P. *lambati*), *lalambe, lambishyate, alambishṭa, lambitum,* to hang down, depend, dangle, hang from, hang on or upon, depend on or from; to sink, sink down, go down, decline, fall, set (as the sun); to be fastened to, be attached to, hold on to, rest on; to fall behind, stay behind, lag behind, be retarded; to delay, tarry; to sound (fr. rt. *ramb;* cf. rt. *lambh*): Caus. *lambayati,* &c., to cause to hang down or depend, let down; to hang up, suspend; to cause to be fastened or attached, join; to stretch out, extend; to depress, (perhaps) discourage; [cf. Lat. *labi;* Lith. *rambus;* Angl. Sax. *limpian, ge-limp;* Eng. *limp.*]

Lamba, as, ā, am, hanging down, depending, pendulous, pendent, dangling; hanging on or upon, attached to; long, tall; expanded, great, large; spacious, capacious; (*as*), m. a perpendicular (in geometry); complement of latitude, co-latitude (in astronomy), the arc between the pole of any place and the zenith; epithet of a particular throw or move (at a kind of chess or a game like backgammon or draughts); N. of a Muni; of a Daitya; a present, bribe (?), =*nartaka, anga, kānta;* (*ā*), f. a kind of bitter gourd or cucumber; N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda; N. of Durgā or Gaurī; of Lakshmī; of a daughter of Daksha and wife of Dharma or Manu; of a Rākshasī. — *Lamba-karṇa, as, ā* or *ī, am,* having pendulous ears, long-eared; (*as*), m. a he-goat, goat; an elephant; a hawk, falcon; a Rākshasa; Alangium Hexapetalum; N. of one of Śiva's attendants; of an ass (in one of the stories of the Pañća-tantra); of a hare (in the Pañća-tantra). — *Lamba-keśa, as, ā* or *ī, am,* having hanging or flowing hair. — *Lamba-keśaka, as,* m. 'long-haired,' N. of a Muni. — *Lamba-guṇa, as,* m. the sine of the co-latitude (in astronomy). — *Lamba-jaṭhara, as, ā, am,* big-bellied. — *Lamba-jihva, as, ā, am,* letting the tongue hang out; (*as*), m., N. of a Rākshasa. — *Lamba-jyā* or *lamba-jyakā,* f. the sine of the co-latitude (in astronomy). — *Lamba-dantā,* f. a kind of plant (=*saiṇhalī*). — *Lamba-payodharā,* f. a woman with large or pendent breasts; N. of one of the Mātṛis attending upon Skanda. — *Lamba-rekhā,* f. the complement of latitude, co-latitude (in astronomy). — *Lamba-vījā,* f. =*lamba-dantā* — *Lamba-sphiś, k, k, k,* having large or protuberant buttocks. — *Lambāksha* (*°ba-ak°*), *as,* m., N. of a Muni. — *Lambālaka* (*°ba-al°*), *as, ā, am,* having pendulous curls or ringlets. — *Lambālaka-tva, am,* n. pendulosity of ringlets. — *Lambodara* (*°ba-ud°*), *as, i, am,* having a large or protuberant belly, pot-bellied; (*as*), m. a voracious person, glutton; N. of Gaṇeśa; of a king; of a Muni; (*ī*), f., N. of a female demon. — *Lamboshṭha* (*°ba-osh°*), *as, ā* or *ī, am,* having a large or prominent under-lip; (*as*), m. a camel, (also written *lambaushṭha.*)

Lambaka, as, m. a perpendicular (in geometry); the complement of latitude, co-latitude (in astronomy); N. of a particular implement or vessel; N. of the fifteenth astronomical Yoga; N. of the larger sections or books of the Kathā-sarit-sāgara (of which there are eighteen, containing in all 124 Taraṅgas or chapters); (*ikā*), f. the uvula or soft palate. — *Lambikā-kokilā,* f., N. of a deity.

Lambana, as, ā, am, hanging down, depending, pendulous; causing to hang down; (*as*), m., N. of Śiva; phlegm, the phlegmatic humor; (*am*), n. hanging down, depending, descending, falling; fringe; a long necklace (depending from the neck to the navel); the parallax in longitude (of the moon), the interval of the lines between the earth's centre and surface; epithet of a particular mode of fighting; N. of a Varsha in Kuśa-dvīpa. — *Lambana-vidhi, is,* m. the rule for calculating the above parallax (in astronomy).

Lambamāna, as, ā, am, hanging down, depending, descending, dangling, falling, going down; being large or bulky.

Lambikā, f. See under *lambaka* above.

Lambita, as, ā, am, hanging down, pendent; suspended; sunk, gone down, set; laying hold of, attached to, supported or resting on; =*vi-lambita,* slow (of time in music).

Lambin, ī, inī, i, hanging down, depending, pendent, hanging down as far as, hanging on or upon; (*inī*), f. one of the Mātṛis attending on Skanda.

Lambuka, as, m., N. of a serpent-demon; N. of the fifteenth astronomical Yoga, (for *lambaka.*)

Lambushā, f. a necklace of seven strings.

लम्भ् *lambh* (=rt. *rambh*), cl. 1. A. *lambhate,* &c., to sound.

लम्भ *lambha, lambhana,* &c. See col. 1.

लय् *lay* (=rt. *ray*), cl. 1. A. *layate,* &c., to go.

लय *laya, layana,* &c. See p. 868, cols. 2, 3.

लरमानाथ *laramā-nātha, as,* m., N. of an author; [cf. *ralamā-nātha.*]

लर्ब् *larb,* cl. 1. P. *larbati,* &c., to go.

लल *lal* (=rt. *laḍ*), cl. 1. P. A. *lalati, lalate,* &c., to play, sport, frolic, dally; to play (with the tongue); cl. 10. P. *lālayati,* &c., to loll the tongue, &c. (see rt. *laḍ*): Caus. P. *lālayati,* &c. (according to some also *lālayati*), to cause to sport or dally; to caress, fondle, coax, cherish, nurse, love; A. *lālayate,* &c., to desire, &c.

Lala, as, ā, am, sporting, frolicking, playful; lolling, wagging; wishing, desirous. — *Lala-jihva* = *lalaj-jihva* below.

Lalat, an, antī, at, playing, sporting, dallying; playing with the tongue, &c. — *Lalaj-jihva, as, ā, am,* playing with the tongue, lolling the tongue, moving the tongue hither and thither; fierce, savage; (*as*), m. a camel; a dog. — *Lalad-ambu, us,* m. a particular plant (=*limpāka*).

Lalana, as, ā, am, playing, coruscating (said of light, colour, &c.); sporting; (*as*), m., N. of various plants, =*śāla, priyāla;* (*ā*), f. a wanton woman; a woman (in general), a wife; the tongue; N. of several metres, four times – ⏑⏑ – –, – ⏑⏑ – ⏑⏑ –; four times – ⏑⏑ – –, ⏑⏑⏑⏑⏑⏑ –; a particular kind of Gāthā; N. of a mythical being; (*am*), n. play, sport, pleasure, dalliance; the playing or moving to and fro of the tongue; lolling the tongue. — *Lalanā-priya, as, ā, am,* dear to women, liked by females; (*as*), m. Nauclea Cadamba; (*am*), n. =*hrī-vera,* a kind of drug. — *Lalanā-varūthin, ī, inī, i,* surrounded by a troop of women.

Lalanikā, f. a little woman, a miserable woman.

Lalantikā, f. (fr. *lalantī,* fem. of *lalat*), a long pendulous necklace; a lizard, chameleon.