Lalamāna, as, ā, am, sporting, playing. dallying.
Lalāka, as, m. the penis.
Lalita, as, ā, am, sported, played, playing, sporting, dallying, wanton, frolicsome, amorous, voluptuous; lovely, handsome, beautiful, graceful, elegant, naive, simple, artless, gay, cheerful; soft, gentle; pleasing, charming. pleasant, agreeable, wished for, desired, loved; trembling, tremulous, shaken; = *ćalita;* (*am*), ind. sweetly, agreeably, gracefully; (*as*), m. epithet of a particular position of the hands in dancing; N. of a particular musical scale or Rāga, (according to some *lalitā*, f.); (*ā*), f. a wanton woman, a woman in general; musk; N. of a goddess; of a form of Durgā or Pārvatī; of a Gopī (identified with Durgā and Rādhikā); of a river; of various metres, 30+32 instants; four times ∪∪∪∪∪−−−−∪−; four times −−∪−∪−∪∪−∪−∪−; four times −∪∪−∪−∪∪−∪−∪∪−; four times −∪∪−∪∪−∪∪−∪∪−∪∪−; twice −∪−∪∪−∪−,∪∪−∪∪∪−∪−; (*am*), n. sport, dalliance, amorous gesture, love; grace, beauty, charm, charmingness, gracefulness of gait, softness and delicacy of motion, languid gestures in a woman (expressive of amorous sentiment, 'lolling,' 'languishing,' &c.); any natural and artless act (as that of a child); simplicity, innocency, ingenuousness; N. of two metres, four times ∪∪∪∪∪∪∪−∪∪−; four times ∪∪∪∪∪−−−−∪−; N. of a town. — *Lalita-ćaitya, as,* m., N. of a particular Caitya. — *Lalita-tāla, as,* m., N. of a particular time (in music). — *Lalita-pada, as, ā, am,* consisting of amorous words; elegantly composed; a kind of metre, four times ∪∪∪∪−∪∪−∪∪−. — *Lalita-pada-bandhana, am,* n. an amorous composition in verse, a metrical composition treating of love. — *Lalita-pura, am,* n., N. of a town. — *Lalita-purāṇa, am,* n. = *lalita-vistara-purāṇa.* — *Lalita-prahāra, as,* m. a soft or gentle blow. — *Lalita-mādhava, am,* n., N. of a drama by Rūpa. — *Lalita-lalita, as, ā, am,* excessively beautiful, very handsome. — *Lalita-loćana, as, ā, am,* beautiful-eyed; (*ā*), f., N. of the daughter of a Vidyā-dhara Vāma-datta. — *Lalita-vanitā,* f. a lovely woman. — *Lalita-vistara, as,* m. or *lalita-vistara-purāṇa, am,* n., N. of a Sūtra work giving a detailed record of the simple and natural acts in the life of Buddha or Śākya-muni. — *Lalita-vyūha, as,* m. epithet of a particular kind of Samādhi or meditation (with Buddhists); N. of a Deva-putra; of a Bodhisattva. — *Lalitā-tantra, am,* n., N. of a Tantra work. — *Lalitā-tṛitīyā,* f. epithet of a particular third day. — *Lalitāditya* (°*ta-ād*°), *as,* m., N. of a king of Kaśmīra. — *Lalitāditya-pura, am,* n., N. of a town founded by Lalitāditya. — *Lalitā-pañćamī,* f. the fifth day of the moon's increase in the month Āśvina on which the worship of the goddess Lalitā or Pārvatī is celebrated. — *Lalitāpīḍa* (°*ta-āp*°), *as,* m., N. of a king of Kaśmīra. — *Lalitābhinaya* (°*ta-abh*°), *as,* m. erotic performance, representation of love scenes. — *Lalitā-mādhava* = *lalita-mādhava.* — *Lalitārćana-ćandrikā* (°*tā-ar*°), f., N. of a work on the worship of Lalitā. — *Lalitārtha* (°*ta-ar*°), *as, ā, am,* having an amorous meaning. — *Lalitārtha-bandha, as, ā, am,* composed in words of love or in words having an amorous meaning. — *Lalitā-vrata, am,* n., N. of a particular religious observance. — *Lalitā-shashṭhī,* f. epithet of a particular sixth day. — *Lalitā-saptamī,* f. epithet of the seventh day in the light half of the month Bhādra.
Lalitaka or *lalitika, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha.
Lalitha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people.
Lalitikā, f., N. of a place of pilgrimage.
Lāla, as, m., N. of an astronomer; (*ā*), f. saliva, spittle, slaver. — *Lāla-ćandra, as,* m. a proper N. — *Lāla-vat, ān, atī, at* (*lāla* for *lālā*), causing saliva to flow. — *Lāla-siṅha, as,* m., N. of an astronomer. — *Lālā-bhakṣha, as,* m. 'having saliva for food,' N. of the hell appropriated to those who eat their meals without first offering food to the gods, to the Manes, or to guests. — *Lālā-meha, as,* m. passing mucous urine. — *Lālā-viṣha, as, ā, am,* whose saliva is poison (said of venomous insects). — *Lālā-srava, as,* m. 'distilling saliva,' a spider. — *Lālā-srāva, as,* m. a flow of saliva or spittle; 'emitting saliva,' a spider. — *Lālā-srāvin, ī, iṇī, i,* causing a flow of saliva.
Lālaka, as, ikā, am (fr. the Caus. of rt. *lal*), caressing. fondling, coaxing, seducing; (*ikā*), f. a jesting or evasive reply, equivoque.
Lālana, as, ī, am, caressing, fondling, coaxing; (*as*), m. a particular venomous animal, a sort of mouse; (*am*), n. the act of caressing, fondling, coaxing, dandling; spoiling, indulging, over-indulging.
Lālanīya, as, ā, am, to be caressed or fondled or coaxed.
Lālayat, an, antī, at, caressing, coaxing; stroking.
Lālayitavya, as, ā, am, = *lālanīya.*
Lālāya, Nom. A. *lālāyate,* &c., to emit saliva, slaver.
Lālāyita, as, ā, am, emitting or discharging saliva.
Lālika, as, m. a buffalo; [cf. *lāvika.*]
Lālita, as, ā, am, caressed, tenderly cherished, fondled, nursed, coaxed, indulged, seduced; loved, desired; (*am*), n. pleasure, joy, love.
Lālitaka, as, m. a fondling, darling, little favourite, pet.
Lālitya, am, n. (fr. *lalita*), loveliness, grace, beauty, pleasingness, pleasantness, sweetness, loveliness, charm, grace, beauty; gaiety; amorous or languid gestures.
Lālin, ī, inī, i, caressing, fondling, coaxing; (*ī*), m. a seducer; (*inī*), f. a wanton.
Lālīla, as, m., Ved., N. of Agni.
Lālya, as, ā, am, = *lālanīya.*

ललल *lalalla,* an onomatopoetic word representing a lisping sound.

ललाट *lalāṭa, am,* n. (a later form of *rarāṭa,* q.v.), the forehead, brow, (*lalāṭe,* 'on the forehead, in front;' the destiny of every individual is conceived by the Hindūs to be written on the forehead.) — *Lalāṭa-taṭa, am,* n. the slope of the forehead, the forehead. — *Lalāṭan-tapa, as, ā, am,* burning the forehead (as the sun). — *Lalāṭa-paṭṭa, am,* n. or *lalāṭa-paṭṭikā,* f. 'the plate' or flat surface of the forehead, the forehead; a tiara, fillet. — *Lalāṭa-pura, am,* n., N. of a town. — *Lalāṭa-phalaka, am,* n. the flat surface of the forehead. — *Lalāṭa-rekhā,* f. a line on the forehead supposed to indicate long life; a wrinkled or corrugated brow; a coloured sectarial mark on the forehead. — *Lalāṭākṣha* (°*ṭa-ak*°), *as, ī, am,* having an eye in the forehead; (*as*), m. an epithet of Śiva.
Lalāṭaka, am, n. a beautiful forehead; the forehead, brow; (*ikā*), f. an ornament worn on the forehead; a mark made with sandal on the forehead.
Lalāṭikāya, Nom. A. *lalāṭikāyate,* &c., to represent or be like a mark on the forehead.
Lalāṭikāyamāna, as, ā, am, representing a mark on the forehead.
Lalāṭūla, as, ā, am, having a high or handsome forehead.
Lalāṭya, as, &c. = *rarāṭya,* of or belonging to the forehead.

ललाम *lalāma, am,* n. (probably connected with rt. *lal;* cf. *lalāṭa*), a mark or spot on the forehead, mark or spot in general; an ornament for the forehead, ornament, decoration, embellishment in general, (in this sense also *as,* m.); a coloured mark on the forehead of a horse or bull, &c.; a sign, symbol, token, mark of caste, &c.; a banner, flag, ensign; a line, row; any one who is the ornament of his class, any eminent or principal person, (in this sense even *am,* n.); anything the best of its kind, any grand or beautiful object; eminence, beauty, dignity; a tail; a mane; a horn (?); (*as, ī, am*), having a mark or spot on the forehead, marked with a blaze (said of cattle); beautiful, agreeable, charming; (*as*), m. a horse; (*ī*), f., N. of a female demon (Ved.); a kind of ornament for the ears. — *Lalāma-gu, us,* m., Ved. a facetious term for the penis. — *Lalāma-vat, ān, atī, at,* having a mark or spot; having an ornament.
Lalāmaka, am, n. a chaplet or wreath of flowers worn on the forehead. — *Lalāmaka-rūpaka, am,* n. (in rhetoric) a flowery metaphor.
Lalāman, a, n. = *lalāma,* an ornament, decoration; a mark, sectarial mark; sign, symbol, token; a banner, flag; any one who is the ornament of his class; any chief or principal person or thing; a tail; a horn (?); a species of stanza having ten syllables in the first two Pādas, eleven in the third, and thirteen in the fourth; a horse, (in this sense probably *ā,* m.); = *ramya;* = *sukha.*

ललित *lalita,* &c. See col. 1.

लल्याना *lalyāna,* N. of a place.

लल्ल *lalla, as,* m., N. of an astronomer; of certain other persons; (*ā*), f., N. of a courtezan (in Rāja-taraṅgiṇī VIII. 1834, &c.). — *Lalla-vārāha-suta, as,* m. the son of Lalla and Vārāha, N. of the author of the Nakshatra-samuććaya.

लल्लिय *lalliya, as,* m. a proper N.

लल्लुजीलाल *lallujīlāla, as,* m., N. of an author.

लव *lava, as,* m. (fr. rt. 1. *lū*), the act of cutting, reaping (of corn), mowing, plucking or gathering (of flowers, &c.); that which is cut or shorn off, a shorn fleece, wool, hair; anything cut off, a section, fragment, fraction, piece, particle, bit, drop, small piece, small quantity, little, (*jala-l*°, a drop of water; *tṛiṇa-l*°, a piece of straw; *aparādha-l*°, a little blame); a minute division of time, the sixtieth of a twinkling, half a second, a moment, an instant, (according to others $\frac{1}{4000}$ or $\frac{1}{3400}$ or $\frac{1}{202\frac{1}{2}50}$ of a Muhūrta); a degree (in astronomy); the numerator of a fraction; loss, destruction; sport [cf. *lala*]; N. of a son of Rāma-ćandra and Sītā, (he and Rāma's other son Kuśa were the two rhapsodists who first committed the Rāmāyaṇa to memory and recited it at assemblies, see Rāmāyaṇa I. 4. and cf. *kuśīlava*); N. of a king of Kaśmīra (father of Kuśa); a kind of quail, Perdix Chinensis; (*am*), ind. a little; *lavam api,* even a little; (*am*), n. nutmeg; cloves; the root of Andropogon Muricatus. — *Lava-rāja, as,* m., N. of a Brāhman. — *Lavavat, ān, atī, at,* lasting only for a moment. — *Lavaśas,* ind. in small pieces or fragments, bit by bit, piecemeal, in minute divisions or instants, after an instant, after some moments. — *Lavepsu* (°*va-īp*°), *us, us, u,* wishing to cut or reap.
Lavaka, as, ā, am, one who cuts or reaps, &c., a cutter, reaper, shearer; N. of a particular substance, (see *sa-l*°.)
Lavaṅga, as, m. the clove tree; (*am*), n. cloves. — *Lavaṅga-kalikā,* f. cloves.
Lavaṅgaka, am, n. cloves; (*ikā*), f., N. of a woman.
Lavana, as, ī, am, one who cuts, &c., a cutter, reaper; (*ī*), f. a particular fruit tree, Anona Reticulata; (*am*), n. the act of cutting, reaping, mowing, &c. (of corn); an implement for cutting, sickle, knife, &c.
Lavanīya, as, ā, am, to be cut, to be reaped or mown.
Lavanya, as, m., N. of a particular tribe of men.
Lavaya, Nom. P. *lavayati,* &c., = *lavam ācashṭe,* Pāṇ. I. 1, 58, Vārtt. 2.
Lavāka, as, m. an implement for cutting, sickle, reaping-hook; the act of cutting.
Lavāṇaka, as, m. an implement for cutting, a sickle, reaping-hook.
Lavi, is, is, i, cutting, sharp, edged (as a tool or instrument); (*is*), m. = *lavitra.*
Lavitra, am, n. an implement for cutting, a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe.