marks, explaining or interpreting signs, relating to a sign or mark, indicative.

**लाक्षा** *lākshā*, f. (probably a later form of *rākshā*, and perhaps connected with *rāga* fr. rt. *rañj*, to dye; according to some connected with *laksha*, from the thousands of insects forming the red dye), a species of plant (Ved.); a kind of red dye, lac (obtained from the cochineal insect or a similar insect as well as from the resin of a particular tree; according to some the nest of the insect is formed of a resinous substance used as sealing-wax and commonly termed Shel-lac); the insect or animal which produces the red dye. — *Lākshā-taru*, *us*, m. the tree Butea Frondosa (the insect being especially found in this tree). — *Lākshā-prasāda* or *lākshā-prasādana*, *as*, m. the red Lodh tree (an astringent infusion prepared from its bark is used to fix colour in dyeing). — *Lākshā-rakta*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, coloured or dyed with lac. — *Lākshā-vṛiksha*, *as*, m. Butea Frondosa.

*Lākshika*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, relating to lac, coloured or dyed with lac, made of lac; relating to a large number or to a lac, (in this sense fr. *laksha*.)

**लाक्षेय** *lākshеya*, *as*, m. a patronymic.

**लाक्ष्म** *lākshma*, *as*, *ī*, *am* (fr. *lakshmī*), addressed to Lakshmī.

**लाक्ष्मण** *lākshmaṇa*, *as*, *ī*, *am* (fr. *lakshmaṇa*), relating to the plant Lakshmaṇā; (*as*), m. a patronymic from Lakshmaṇa.

*Lākshmaṇi*, *is*, m. a patronymic from Lakshmaṇa.

*Lākshmaṇeya*, *as*, m. a patronymic from Lakshmaṇa.

**लाक्ष्यिक** *lākshyika*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, = *lakshyam adhīte veda vā*, Pāṇ. IV. 2, 60, Vārtt. 7.

**लाख्** *lākh* (= rt. *rākh*), cl. 1. P. *lākhati*, &c., to grow dry, be dry or arid; to adorn; to suffice, be competent; to prevent.

**लागुडिक** *lāguḍika*, *as*, *ī*, *am* (fr. *laguḍa*), armed with a club; (*as*), m. a sentinel.

**लाघ्** *lāgh* (= rt. *rāgh*), cl. 1. A. *lāghate*, &c., to be able or equal to, to be competent or suffice.

**लाघरकोलस** *lāgharakolasa*, *as*, m. a particular form of jaundice.

**लाघव** *lāghava*, *am*, n. (fr. *laghu*), quickness, swiftness, rapidity, speed; lightness, levity; activity, alacrity, versatility, dexterity, readiness; ease, facility; health; littleness, smallness, minuteness, delicacy, fineness; insignificance, unimportance, meanness; frivolity, inconsiderateness, rashness; (in prosody) shortness of a vowel or syllable; shortness of expression, brevity, conciseness; making light of, undervaluing, slighting, slight, disrespect, contempt, disgrace. — *Lāghavānvita* (°*va-an*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, possessed of brevity. — *Lāghavāyana* (°*va-āy*°), *as*, m., N. of an author.

*Lāghavika*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, being quick or light, being short or brief.

**लाङ्काकायनि** *lāṅkākāyani*, *is*, m. a metronymic from Laṅkā.

*Lāṅkāyana*, *as*, m. a patronymic from Laṅka.

**लाङ्गल** *lāṅgala*, *am*, n. (probably connected with rt. *lag*; according to Uṇādi-s. I. 108. fr. rt. *laṅg*), a plough; a particular appearance presented by the moon; a plough-shaped beam or timber (used in the construction of a house); the palm tree; a kind of flower; membrum virile, (probably incorrect for *lāṅgūla*); (*as*), m. a kind of rice; N. of a son of Suddhoda and grandson of Śākya; (*ī*), f., N. of various plants, Jussiæa Repens; Hemionitis Cordifolia; Rubia Munjista; Hedysarum Lagopodioides; = *lāṅgalin*, the cocoa-nut tree; N. of a river. — *Lāṅgala-graha*, *as*, m. 'plough-holder,' a ploughman, cultivator, peasant. — *Lāṅgala-grahaṇa*, *am*, n. the act of holding or guiding the plough, ploughing. — *Lāṅgala-chakra*, *am*, n. a particular plough-shaped diagram. — *Lāṅgala-daṇḍa* or *lāṅgala-daṇḍaka*, *as*, m. the pole or beam of a plough. — *Lāṅgala-dhvaja*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having a plough for an ensign or characteristic; (*as*), m., N. of Bala-rāma, (see *lāṅgalin*.) — *Lāṅgala-paddhati*, *is*, f. a plough's path or line, furrow. — *Lāṅgala-phāla*, *as*, *am*, m. n. a ploughshare. — *Lāṅgalākhya* (°*la-ākh*°) or *lāṅgalāhvaya* (°*la-āh*°), *as*, *ā*, *am*, 'plough-named, called after a plough,' (a term applied to the plant Jussiæa Repens; probably *ā*, f.) — *Lāṅgalāpakarshin* (°*la-ap*°), *ī*, *iṇī*, *i*, drawing the plough (said of an ox). — *Lāṅgalīshā* (°*la-īshā*, anomalous), f. the pole of a plough.

*Lāṅgalaka* at the end of a comp. = *lāṅgala*, a plough; (*as*), m. a plough-shaped incision (in surgery); (*ikā*, *ikī*), f. = *lāṅgalī*, Jussiæa Repens.

*Lāṅgalāyana*, *as*, m. a patronymic from Lāṅgala.

*Lāṅgali*, *is*, m. (fr. *lāṅgala*), a patronymic, N. of a preceptor.

*Lāṅgalika*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, relating or belonging to a plough; (*as*), m. epithet of a particular vegetable poison; (*ī*), f. Methonica Superba; [cf. *lāṅgalikī* under *lāṅgalaka*.]

*Lāṅgalin*, *ī*, *iṇī*, *i*, furnished with or possessing a plough; (*ī*), m., N. of Bala-deva (who is represented as armed with a ploughshare); N. of a preceptor; the cocoa-nut tree; a snake.

**लाङ्गुल** *lāṅgula*, *am*, n. (probably fr. rt. *lag*; but see *lāṅgūla*), a tail; membrum virile.

*Lāṅgulikā*, f. Uraria Lagopodioides.

*Lāṅgulinī*, f., N. of a river; [cf. *lāṅgūlinī*.]

*Lāṅgūla*, *am*, n. (according to Uṇādi-s. IV. 90. fr. rt. *laṅg*), a tail, a hairy tail; membrum virile; a granary?; (*ī*), f. Uraria Lagopodioides.

*Lāṅgūlikā*, f. Hemionitis Cordifolia.

*Lāṅgūlin*, *ī*, *inī*, *i*, tailed, having a tail; (*ī*), m. a monkey, ape; a kind of medicinal plant; (*inī*), f., N. of a river.

**लाज्** *lāj* or *lāñj* [cf. rt. 2. *laj*], cl. 1. P. *lājati* (in Nirukta VI. 9. *lājate*), *lāñjati*, &c., to fry, roast, parch; to blame, censure.

*Lāja*, *as*, m. (supposed by some to be connected with rt. 1. *bhrajj* or *bhṛij*), fried or parched grain; wetted or sprinkled grain; (*ās*), m. pl. parched or roasted grain, (also *ā*, f.); (*am*), n. the root of Andropogon Muricatus.

*Lāji*, *is*, m., Ved. a quantity of parched grain, (according to a commentator on Taittirīya-Brāhmaṇa III. 9, 4, 8, *lāji* is voc. c. fr. *lājin* = *lājopalakshita*.)

*Lājī*, f., N. of a place.

**लाञ्छ्** *lāñch* (connected with rt. *laksh*, from which it is probably corrupted; cf. rt. *lañch*), cl. 1. P. *lāñchati*, *lalāñcha*, &c., to mark, distinguish, decorate, deck.

*Lāñchana*, *am*, n. a mark, sign, token, spot; a landmark; a mark of ignominy, stain, spot; a name, appellation.

*Lāñchita*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, marked, distinguished, characterized, designated; decorated, decked; furnished with (with inst. or at the end of a comp.).

**लाञ्ज्** *lāñj* = rt. *lāj* above.

**लाट** *lāṭa*, *ās*, m. pl. (according to some formed fr. *rāshṭra*), N. of a people and of the district inhabited by them (= Λαρικη of Ptolemy); (*as*), m. a king of the Lāṭas; clothes, dress; old or worn-out clothes, shabby ornaments, &c.; idle or childish language; repetition of words in the same sense but in a different application; (*as*, *ī*, *am*), relating to the Lāṭas, of or belonging to Lāṭa; old, worn, spoiled, &c. — *Lāṭāchārya* (°*ṭa-āch*°), *as*, m. the teacher of the Lāṭas, N. of an astronomer. — *Lāṭānuprāsa* (°*ṭa-an*°), *as*, m. 'Lāṭa-repetition,' the repetition of a word in the same sense but with a different application, (see *lāṭaka*.)

*Lāṭaka*, *as*, *ikā*, *am*, of or belonging to the Lāṭas, customary among them; (*ikā*), f. a particular style of speech or composition, (see *rīti*.)

*Lāṭiya*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, = *lāṭaka*.

**लाट्य्** *lāṭya*, Nom. P. *lāṭyati*, &c., to live.

**लाट्यायन** *lāṭyāyana*, *as*, m., N. of the author of a Sūtra work.

**लाड्** *lāḍ* (= rt. *laḍ*), cl. 10. P. *lāḍayati*, *lāḍāpayati*, &c., to toss, throw; to blame, reproach; to fondle, cherish, caress, &c. (= *lālayati*, see rt. *lal*).

**लाड** *lāḍa*, *as*, m. a proper N.; N. of a royal race. — *Lāḍa-khāna*, *as*, m., N. of a king.

*Lāḍana*, *as*, m. a proper N.; (*am*), n. a various reading for *lālana*.

**लाडम** *lāḍama*, *as*, m. a proper N.

**लाडि** *lāḍi*, *is*, m. a patronymic.

**लाणठनी** *lāṇṭhanī* (?), f. = *kulaṭā*.

**लात** *lāta*, *lāti*, &c. See rt. 1. *lā*, p. 864.

**लातव्य** *lātavya*, *as*, m. a patronymic from Latu; N. of a chamberlain (in the Vikramorvaśī).

**लान्त** *lānta*, *as*, m. a mystical term for the letter *va*.

**लान्तकज** *lāntaka-ja*, *ās*, m. pl., N. of a class of deities (with Jainas).

**लान्द्र** *lāndra*, *lāndraka*, see Gaṇa Yāvādi to Pāṇ. V. 4, 29.

**लाप** *lāpa*, *lāpin*, &c. See p. 861, col. 2.

**लाब** *lāba* (often written *lāva*), *as*, m. = *laba*, a sort of quail, Perdix Chinensis; (*ā*), f. the female of this bird. — *Lābāksha* (°*ba-ak*°) or *lābākshaka*, *as*, m. 'quail-eyed,' a kind of rice.

*Lābaka*, *as*, m. a sort of quail.

**लाबु** *lābu* or *lābū* = *a-lābu*.

*Lābukī*, f. a kind of lute.

**लाबुकायन** *lābukāyana*, *as*, m., N. of a philosophical writer mentioned in the Jaimini-sūtras, (probably incorrect for *lāmakāyana*.)

**लाभ्** *lābh*, cl. 10. P. *lābhayati*, &c., to throw, direct.

**लाभ** *lābha*, &c. See p. 862, col. 1.

**लामकायन** *lāmakāyana*, *as*, m. (fr. *lamaka*), a patronymic; N. of a preceptor; (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of Lamaka.

*Lāmakāyani*, *is*, m. a patronymic.

*Lāmakāyanin*, *inas*, m. pl. the school of Lāmakāyana.

*Lāmagāyani*, *is*, m. = *lāmakāyani*.

**लामज्जक** *lāmajjaka*, *am*, n. the root of the fragrant grass Andropogon Muricatus.

**लाम्पट्य** *lāmpaṭya*, *am*, n. (fr. *lampaṭa*), lasciviousness, lustfulness, lewdness, dissoluteness.

**लायक** *lāyaka*. See p. 868, col. 3.

**लायम्** *lāyam*, a word of uncertain meaning in Ṛig-veda X. 42, 1, (perhaps an indec. part. fr. rt. 1. *lī*), having bent down, bending; (according to Sāy.) = *saṃśleshaṇam* = *hṛidaya-vedhinaṃ śaram*.

**लाल** *lāla*, *lālaka*, *lālita*, &c. See p. 863, cols. 1, 2.

**लालप्यमान** *lālapyamāna*. See p. 861, col. 2.

**लालस** *lālasa*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (fr. the Intens. of rt. 1. *las*, but probably connected also with rt. *lash*), eagerly longing for, ardently desirous of, eager after; finding pleasure in, devoted to, totally given up to [cf. *śoka-l*°]; (*as*, *ā*), m. f. longing or ardent