desire, eagerness; regret, sorrow; asking, soliciting; the longing of a pregnant woman; dalliance?; (*ā*), f. a particular metre, four times ⏑⏑⏑⏑⏑–⏑–, ⏑––⏑––⏑–.

Lālasika, am, n. sauce, gravy.

लालाट *lālāṭa, as, ī, am* (fr. *lalāṭa*), being in or on the forehead, relating to it, &c.

Lālāṭi, is, m. a patronymic.

Lālāṭika, as, ī, am, relating to the forehead, being on the forehead; relating to fate, arising from destiny; looking attentively at the forehead (of a master), attentive; useless, low, vile; (*as*), m. an attentive servant, one who watches a master's countenance and learns by it what is necessary to be done; one who is unfit for work (as depending too much on the look of his superior), a careless person or idler (perhaps as always gazing at the countenances of others); a mode of embracing.

Lālāṭī, f. = *lalāṭa,* the forehead.

लालामिक *lālāmika, as, ī, am,* = *lalāmaṃ gṛihṇāti,* Pāṇ. IV. 4. 40.

लालिक *lālika.* See p. 863, col. 2.

लालुका *lālukā,* f. a sort of necklace.

लाव *lāva.* See p. 870, col. 3.

लावण *lāvaṇa, as, ī, am* (fr. *lavaṇa*), saline, salt, salted, cooked or dressed with salt.

Lāvaṇika, as, ī, am, relating to salt, impregnated with salt, prepared or dressed with salt, salted; dealing in salt; lovely, beautiful, graceful; (*as*), m. a dealer in salt, salt merchant; (*am*), n. a vessel holding salt, salt-cellar.

Lāvaṇya, am, n. saltness, the taste or property of salt; beauty, loveliness, charm. — *Lāvaṇya-kalita, as, ā, am,* endowed with beauty. — *Lāvaṇya-mañjarī,* f., N. of a woman. — *Lāvaṇya-maya, as, ī, am,* full of taste, full of loveliness or beauty, lovely, beautiful, handsome. — *Lāvaṇya-vat, ān, atī, at,* possessed of beauty or grace, beautiful, lovely; (*atī*), f., N. of various women. — *Lāvaṇya-śrī, īs,* f. 'wealth of beauty,' great beauty. — *Lāvaṇyārjita* (°*ya-ar*°), *as, ā, am,* obtained through beauty; (*am*), n. the private property of a married woman (consisting of that which has been presented to her at her marriage as a token of respect or kindness or by her father or mother-in-law).

लावाणक *lāvāṇaka, as,* m., N. of a district adjacent to Magadha, (sometimes incorrectly written *lāvānaka*); N. of the third Lambaka of the Kathā-sarit-sāgara.

लाविक *lāvika, as,* m. = *lālika,* a buffalo.

लावु *lāvu, lāvū,* &c. See *lābu,* &c., p. 865, col. 3.

लावेरणि *lāveraṇi, is,* m. a patronymic.

Lāveraṇīya, see Gaṇa Gahādi to Pāṇ. IV. 2, 138.

लाव्य *lāvya.* See p. 870, col. 3.

लाशुक *lāshuka, as, ā* or *ī, am* (fr. rt. *lash*), covetous, greedy.

लास *lāsa, lāsin, lāsya.* See p. 864.

लास्फोटनी *lāsphoṭanī,* f. a gimlet, auger.

लाहरिमल्ल *lāharimalla, as,* m., N. of a general.

लाह्य *lāhya, as,* m. (fr. *lahya*), a patronymic.

Lāhyāyani, is, m. (fr. *lāhya*), a patronymic of Bhujyu.

लि *li, is,* m. (a doubtful word, meaning according to some) weariness, fatigue; loss, destruction; end, term; equality, sameness; a bracelet.

लिकुच *likuća, as,* m. = *lakuća.*

लिक्षा *likshā,* f. (also written *likkā*), a nit, young louse, the egg of a louse; a minute measure of weight, (according to some, a poppy seed or = 8 Trasa-reṇus or motes.)

Likshikā, f. = *likshā,* a nit.

Likhya, as, m. a nit, the egg of a louse; (*ā*), f. a nit; a minute measure of weight; [cf. *likshā.*]

लिख् *likh* (the original form of this rt. was probably *rikh,* q. v.), cl. 6. P. *likhati* (according to some also A. *likhate*), *lilekha, lekhishyati, alekhīt, lekhitum* or *likhitum,* to scratch, scrape, furrow, tear up, scarify, lance; to pick, peck (said of birds); to scratch or make an incision in or on, draw a line or streak, make a mark or sign, write, copy, write down, engrave, inscribe; to sketch, trace, portray, draw, delineate, depict, draw a picture, paint; to make smooth, polish; to graze, touch; to unite sexually with a female: Pass. *likhyate,* Aor. *alekhi,* to be written: Caus. *lekhayati* (also, according to some, *likhāpayati*), Aor. *alīlikhat,* to cause to scratch or write, &c.; to scratch; to write: Desid. *lilikhishati, lilekhishati.*

Likha, as, ā, am, scratching, writing; a writer, &c.

Likhat, an, atī or *antī, at,* scratching, writing, &c.; painting, delineating.

Likhana, am, n. the act of scratching; writing, inscribing; a writing, written document, manuscript, scripture.

Likhita, as, ā, am, scratched, scraped, scarified; written; drawn, delineated, portrayed, sketched, traced, painted; (*as*), m., N. of a Ṛishi and author of a work on law (frequently mentioned together with Saṅkha, q. v.); N. of Saṅkha's brother, whose hands were cut off by king Su-dyumna as a punishment for eating some fruit without leave (described in Śānti-p. 668); (*am*), n. a writing, written document or composition, book, scripture.

Likhitvā, ind. having scratched; having written or delineated.

Lekha, as, m. [cf. *rekha*], a writing, letter, epistle, manuscript, document, written document of any kind, (*kūṭa-lekha,* a spurious or forged document); a god, deity; a proper N.; (*ā*), f. a scratch, streak, line, (*gaṇḍa-lekhā,* 'cheek-line,' the outline of the cheek; cf. *vidyul-l*°); stripe, stroke, furrow, row, groove; writing, handwriting, drawing lines, delineation, drawing, painting; a drawing, likeness, representation, figure, impression, mark; the curved line or pale streak of the young moon (when only faintly discernible), the moon's crescent; hem, border, rim, brim, edge, the horizon; = *śikhā, ćūḍāgra;* (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a class of gods under Manu Cākshusha. — *Lekha-pattra, am,* n. or *lekha-pattrikā,* f. a written document, writing, letter, epistle; writ, deed. — *Lekha-pratilekha-lipi, is,* f. a particular kind of writing. — *Lekharshabha* (°*kha-ṛish*), *as,* m. 'best of deities,' N. of Indra. — *Lekha-sandeśa-hārin, ī, iṇī, i,* taking or conveying a written message or instructions. — *Lekha-hāra* or *lekha-hāraka, as,* m. a letter-carrier, the bearer of a letter. — *Lekha-hārin, ī, iṇi, i,* taking or conveying a letter. — *Lekhākshara* (°*kha-ak*°), *am,* n. writing, (opposed to *ālekhya,* painting.) — *Lekhādhikārin* (°*kha-adh*°), *ī,* m. 'presiding over written documents,' a king's secretary. — *Lekhābhra* (°*kha-abh*°), *as,* m., N. of a man; (*ās*), m. pl. his descendants. — *Lekhā-bhrū, ūs,* f., N. of a woman. — *Lekhārha* (°*kha-ar*°), *as,* m. 'fit for writing on,' a kind of palm tree (the leaves of which are used for writing on). — *Lekhā-valaya, as, am,* m. n. an encircling line.

Lekhaka, as, m. a writer, scribe, copyist, clerk, amanuensis, secretary; one who delineates or paints; writing down, transcribing, (in this sense perhaps *am,* n.) — *Lekhaka-pramāda, as,* m. an error or mistake of a copyist. — *Lekhaka-muktā-maṇi, is,* m. 'pearl-gem for scribes,' N. of a treatise on the art of writing by Hari-dāsa (especially intended for scribes belonging to a royal court).

Lekhana, as, ī, am, scratching, scraping, scarifying, making an incision, lancing; writing; exciting, stimulating; (*as*), m. Saccharum Spontaneum, a sort of grass or reed of which pens are made; (*ī*), f. an instrument for writing, a writing-reed, pen, style, (also written *lekhani* when required by the metre); a spoon, ladle; (*am*), n. the act of scratching or scraping; cutting or making incisions (in surgery); scarifying; the act of writing or writing down, transcribing, copying; scripture; an instrument or implement for scraping or furrowing; a kind of birch the bark of which is used for writing on [cf. *bhūrja*], the leaf of the palm tree used for the same purpose; grazing, touching, coming in contact (said of heavenly bodies); thinning, attenuating, reducing corpulency. — *Lekhana-vasti, is,* f. a kind of clyster or enema for thinning or reducing corpulency. — *Lekhana-sādhana, am,* n. writing materials.

Lekhani. See under *lekhana* above.

Lekhanika, as, m. one who makes another sign a document instead of himself, signing by proxy, or making a mark (from inability to write); the bearer of a letter, a letter-carrier, postman, express.

Lekhanikā in *ćitra-l*°, q. v.

Lekhanīya, as, ā, am, to be written; to be drawn or painted; serving as a scraper or as a lancet, &c.; (*am*), n. an accusation or defence in law (required to be given in writing).

Lekhāya, Nom. P. *lekhāyati,* &c., to be wanton, sport wantonly; to waver, totter, stumble, slip.

Lekhita, as, ā, am, scratched, written, &c.

Lekhitvā, ind. = *likhitvā,* q. v.

Lekhin, ī, inī, i, scratching, scraping; writing; grazing, touching; (*inī*), f. a spoon, ladle.

1. *lekhya,* Nom. P. *lekhyati,* &c., = *lekhāya* above.

2. *lekhya, as, ā, am,* to be scratched or scraped, to be scarified; to be written or transcribed, proper to be written; to be drawn or painted; portrayed, painted; to be written down or numbered among (loc.); (*am*), n. writing, the art of writing; copying, transcribing; delineation, drawing, painting; a writing, document, letter, manuscript; a written accusation or defence; an inscription; a painted figure. — *Lekhya-krita, as, ā, am,* done in writing, signed, executed. — *Lekhya-gata, as, ā, am,* represented in painting, painted. — *Lekhya-ćūrṇikā,* f. a writing-pencil, drawing-pencil, paint-brush. — *Lekhya-pattra* or *lekhya-pattraka, as,* m. the palmyra or palm tree; (*am*), n. a palm leaf for writing on; a written paper, writing, letter. — *Lekhya-prasaṅga, as,* m. a written contract, record, document. — *Lekhya-maya, as, ī, am,* delineated, painted. — *Lekhya-sthāna, am,* n. a writing place, office. — *Lekhyārūḍha* (°*ya-ār*°), *as, ā, am,* committed to writing, recorded.

Lekhyaka, as, ā, am, written, epistolary.

लिखिखिल्ल *likhikhilla* (?), *as,* m. a peacock.

लिख्य *likhya.* See col. 2.

लिङ्ख् *liṅkh* (= rt. *lakh*), cl. 1. P. *liṅkhati,* &c., to go, move.

लिगु *ligu, u,* n. (according to Uṇādi-s. I. 37. fr. rt. *lag*), the mind, heart; (*us*), m. a fool, blockhead; a deer; part of the earth; a proper N.

लिङ् *liṅ,* a technical term in grammar for the terminations of the Potential and Precative or for these Moods themselves (the Precative being usually distinguished by the fuller term *liṅ āśishi* or *āśir-liṅ*). — *Liṅ-artha-vāda, as,* m. 'explanation of the sense of Liṅ,' N. of a grammatical treatise.

लिङ्गवाराहतीर्थ *liṅga-vārāha-tīrtha, am,* n., N. of a Tīrtha.

लिङ्ग् *liṅg,* cl. 1. P. *liṅgati,* &c., to go; cl. 10. P. *liṅgayati,* &c. (more properly regarded as a Nom. fr. *liṅga,* p. 867), to change or inflect a noun according to its gender;