the history of both old and more recent families (one of the five Lakshaṇas of a Purāṇa). — *Vaṃśāvati*, f. a proper N. — *Vaṃśāvalī* (°*śa-āv*°), f. the line of a family, a pedigree, genealogy. — *Vaṃśāhva* (°*śa-āh*°), *as*, m. bamboo-manna. — *Vaṃśi-dhara, as, ā, am*, holding a flute or pipe; (*as*), m. a flute-player, piper; N. of Kṛishṇa; of a learned man. — *Vaṃśī-dhārin, i, iṇī, i*, holding or carrying a flute; (*ī*), m. a flute-player; N. of Kṛishṇa. — *Vaṃśī-vadana, as*, m., N. of a Scholiast.

Vaṃśaka, as, m. a large kind of sugar-cane; a joint in a bamboo; a small fish, Cynoglossus Lingua; N. of a king; (*ikā*), f. a kind of pipe or flute; aloe wood, Agallochum, (in this sense also *am*, n.; cf. *vaṃśika*.)

Vaṃśika, as, ī, am, belonging or relating to a bamboo, pertaining to a family &c., lineal, genealogical; (*am*), n. aloe wood; [cf. *vaṃśikā* above.]

Vaṃśin, ī, inī, i, belonging to a family; [cf. *sva-v*°.]

Vaṃśī-vādya, am, n. a flute, pipe, (probably wrong for *vaṃśī-vādya*.)

Vaṃśī. See under *vaṃśa*, p. 875, col. 2.

Vaṃśīya, as, ā, am, of or belonging to a family, of a good family, of the same family.

Vaṃśya, as, ā, am, belonging or attached to the main beam; connected with the back-bone or spine; of or belonging to a family; of a good family, of the same family; peculiar to a family; genealogical, lineal; (*as*), m. a cross-beam, joist; a bone in the arm; a bone in the leg; a member of a family; a son, lineal descendant, posterity; an ancestor, forefather; a kinsman from seven generations above and seven below; a pupil; (*ās*), m. pl. ancestors.

वंसग *vaṃsaga, as*, m., Ved. a bull.

वंह् *vaṃh*. See rt. *baṃh*, p. 671, col. 2.

Vaṃhishṭha, as, ā, am (see *baṃhishṭha*), most, very much or great.

Vaṃhīyas, ān, asī, as (see *baṃhīyas*), more, greater; very much or large.

वक् *vak* (a form of rt. *vank*, q.v.), to go crookedly, &c., (in Ṛig-veda VII. 21, 3. *vāvakre* = *nirgaććhanti*, they issued forth.)

Vaka, as, m. a heron, crane, Ardea Nivea; a hypocrite, cheat, rogue, deceiver (the crane being regarded as an animal of great cunning and deceit as well as sagacity); a particular tree, Sesbana Grandiflora; an apparatus for calcining or subliming metals or minerals (consisting of two crucibles, one inverted over the other and placed over a fire); N. of a Ṛishi (having the patronymic Dālbhi or Dālbhya); of a Rākshasa or demon (killed by Bhīma or Bhīmasena, see *vaka-vadha*); of an Asura (said to have assumed the form of a crane and to have been conquered by Kṛishṇa); of Kuvera; of a king; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people; (*ī*), f. = *pūtanā*. — *Vaka-kaććha*, N. of a district. — *Vaka-kalpa, as*, m., N. of a particular Kalpa or period of the world. — *Vaka-ćara, as*, m. = *vaka-vratin*. — *Vaka-ćiṅćikā*, f. a sort of fish. — *Vaka-jit, t*, m. 'conqueror of Vaka,' N. of Bhīma-sena. — *Vaka-tva, am*, n. the state or condition of a crane. — *Vaka-dvīpa, as*, m., N. of a Dvīpa. — *Vaka-dhūpa, as*, m. a compound perfume, (also read *vṛika-dhūpa*.) — *Vaka-nakha, as*, m., N. of a son of Viśvā-mitra, (also read *vaka-naka*.) — *Vaka-nisūdana, as*, m. 'destroyer of Vaka,' N. of Bhīma-sena. — *Vaka-pañćaka, am*, n. a space of time consisting of the last five Tithis of the bright half of the month Kārttika. — *Vaka-pushpa, as*, m. a kind of tree, Æschynomene Grandiflora; (*am*), n. the flower of this tree. — *Vaka-yantra, am*, n. 'crane-like instrument,' epithet of a particular form of retort. — *Vaka-rāja, as*, m. the king of the cranes (named Rāja-dharman, he was son of Kaśyapa, see Mahā-bh. Śānti-p. 6336). — *Vaka-vadha, as*, m. 'the killing of Vaka,' N. of a section of the Ādi-parvan of the Mahā-bh. 6103–6315 (describing how Bhīma, while resident in the city of Eka-ćakrā, delivered his family and the whole neighbourhood from the tyranny of the demon named Vaka or Baka, who forced the citizens to send him every day a dish of food by a man whom he always devoured as his daintiest morsel at the end of the repast). — *Vaka-vṛikṣha, as*, m. a kind of tree. — *Vaka-vritti, is, is, i*, one who acts or behaves like a crane, hypocritical; (*is*), m. a false or hypocritical devotee, hypocrite (compared to the crane which stations itself cunningly by a pool apparently absorbed in meditation till it sees a fish on which to dart). — *Vaka-vārin, ī*, m. 'Vaka's enemy,' N. of Bhīma-sena. — *Vaka-vrata, am*, n. 'crane-like observance,' the conduct of a crane, hypocrisy. — *Vakavrata-ćara, as*, m. one who acts like a crane, a hypocrite. — *Vaka-vratika, as*, or *vaka-vratin, ī*, m. 'one whose acts or observances are like those of a crane,' a false devotee, religious hypocrite, one who assumes the appearance of devotion or meditation for interested purposes, (see *vaka-vritti*.) — *Vaka-saktha, as*, m. a proper N.; (*ās*), m. pl. Vaka-saktha's descendants. — *Vaka-saha-vāsin, ī*, m. 'dwelling in the same abode as the crane,' a lotus. — *Vakāri* (°*ka-ari*), *is*, m. 'enemy of Vaka,' N. of Kṛishṇa. — *Vakeśa* (°*ka-īśa*), *as*, m., N. of a temple founded by Vaka.

Vakāćī, f. a sort of fish (= *vaka-ćiṅćikā*).

Vakāya, Nom. P. *vakāyati*, &c., to represent or act like the Asura Vaka.

Vakāyat, an, anti, at, acting like the Asura Vaka.

Vakula, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. *vak* or *vank*), a kind of tree, Mimusops Elengi; a kind of drug; (*ā*), f., N. of a plant, = *kaṭakā*; (*ī*), f. a sort of drug (commonly called Kākolī); (*am*), n. the fragrant flower of Mimusops Elengi. — *Vakulāvalikā* (°*la-āv*°), f., N. of a woman.

Vakulita, as, ā, am, furnished with Mimusops Elengi.

Vakūla, as, m. the Vakula tree.

Vakerukā, f. a small crane; the branch of a tree bent by the wind.

Vakoṭa, as, m. a crane.

Vakra, as, ā, am, crooked, winding, tortuous, curved, bent, bowed, meandering, curled, curly (as hair &c.); having an apparently backward motion, retrograde (said of planets); prosodially long (the form of the long mark being supposed to be curved), crooked in disposition, cunning, fraudulent, dishonest, prevaricating, indirect, evasive, ambiguous; cruel, malignant; (*as*), m. the planet Mars; the planet Saturn; Rudra or Śiva; the Asura Tripura; N. of a king of the Karūshas; of a Rākshasa; = *parpaṭa*; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people, (also read *ćakra*); (*ā*), f., N. of a particular musical instrument; scil. *gati*, N. of a particular variation in the course of Mercury; (*am*), n. the winding course of a river, the arm or bend of a stream; the apparent retrograde motion of a planet; (in surgery) a form of fracture (when a bone is bent in a particular way or only partially broken); [cf. according to some, Lat. *varus*: Hib. *fiar*, 'crooked, wicked;' *fiaras*, 'crookedness;' *fiaraim*, 'I incline, bend.'] — *Vakra-kaṇṭa, as*, m. 'having crooked thorns,' the jujube tree. — *Vakra-kaṇṭaka, as*, m. Acacia Catechu. — *Vakra-khaḍga* or *vakra-khaḍgaka, as*, m. a bent sword, a cimeter, sabre. — *Vakra-gati, is*, f. crooked or winding course, tortuous motion, apparent retrograde motion or retrogression (said of the course of Mars &c.); (*is, is, i*), moving crookedly or tortuously, meandering. — *Vakra-gāmin, ī, inī, i*, going crookedly, moving tortuously or in zigzag, fraudulent, dishonest. — *Vakra-grīva, as*, m. 'crooked-necked,' a camel. — *Vakra-ćañću, us*, m. 'crooked-beaked,' a parrot. — *Vakra-tā*, f. or *vakra-tva, am*, n. crookedness, curvature, curvedness, tortuousness; retrograde motion (in astronomy); the going crooked or wrong, failure, mishap; perverseness, falseness, dishonesty, ambiguity, prevarication. — *Vakra-tuṇḍa, as, ā, am*, crooked-beaked, having a crooked face; (*as*), m. a parrot; N. of Gaṇeśa (so called as represented with the trunk of an elephant). — *Vakra-daṃshṭra, as*, m. 'crooked-tusked,' a boar, (wrongly read *vaktra-d*°.) — *Vakra-dṛishṭi, is*, f. oblique vision, an oblique look, squint; malignant regard, hostile view; (*is, is, i*), looking asquint, squint-eyed, squinting; looking malignantly or with an evil eye at any one; jealous, envious. — *Vakra-nakra, as*, m. 'crooked-beaked,' a parrot; a low or depraved man. — *Vakra-nāla, am*, n. a sort of wind-instrument. — *Vakra-nāsa, as, ā, am*, crooked-nosed, having a crooked beak; (*as*), m. a proper N. — *Vakra-nāsika, as*, m. 'crooked-nosed,' an owl. — *Vakra-pāda, as, ā, am*, crooked-legged. — *Vakra-puććha* or *vakra-puććhika, as*, m. 'crooked-tailed,' a dog. — *Vakra-pura, am*, n., N. of a town. — *Vakra-pushpa, as*, m., N. of a plant, Sesbana Grandiflora; Butea Frondosa. — *Vakra-bāladhi, is*, m. 'crooked-tailed,' a dog. — *Vakra-bhaṇita, am*, n. indirect speech, equivocation, prevarication, evasion. — *Vakra-bhāva, as*, m. the state of being bent, curvature, crookedness; cunning, craft, deceit. — *Vakra-rekhā*, f. a curved line. — *Vakra-lāṅgūla, am*, n. a crooked tail; (*as*), m. 'crooked-tailed,' a dog. — *Vakra-vaktra, as*, m. 'crooked-faced, having a crooked snout,' a hog, boar. — *Vakra-śalyā*, f. a kind of small shrub or bush. — *Vakra-śṛiṅga, as, ī, am*, having crooked or bent horns. — *Vakra-saṃstha, as, ā, am*, placed transversely. — *Vakrāgra* (°*ra-ag*°), *am*, n., N. of a plant (commonly called Bétu). — *Vakrāṅga* (°*ra-aṅ*°), *am*, n. a crooked limb; (*as*), m. a goose; the ruddy goose ('having a curved body'); a snake. — *Vakrāṅghri* (°*ra-aṅ*°), *is*, m. a crooked leg. — *Vakrī-karaṇa, am*, n. the act of making crooked, bending, distorting. — *Vakrī-kri*, cl. 8. P. *-karoti, -kartum*, to make curved or crooked. — *Vakrī-kṛita, as, ā, am*, made crooked or curved, bent. — *Vakrī-bhāva, as*, m. curvature, curve; fraudulent or dishonest disposition. — *Vakrī-bhū*, cl. 1. P. *-bhavati*, &c., to become crooked or bent; to retrograde (said of planets). — *Vakrī-bhūta, as, ā, am*, become crooked, curved, bent, dishonest. — *Vakretara* (°*ra-it*°), *as, ā, at*, reverse of crooked, straight, not curved or curled. — *Vakrokti* (°*ra-uk*°), *is*, f. indirect or perverse speech, equivocation, prevarication, evasive speech or reply, evasion; hint, insinuation; pun; sarcasm. — *Vakrokti-jīvita, am*, n., N. of a work. — *Vakroshṭhi, is*, or *vakroshṭhikā*, f. (fr. *vakra* + *oshṭha*), a slight smile, one in which the lips are drawn on one side without the teeth being shewn.

Vakratu, us, m., N. of a deity.

Vakrātapa, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, (also read *ćakrāti*.)

Vakri, is, is, i, equivocating, speaking falsely, uttering untruths, prevaricating, lying.

Vakrita, as, ā, am, curved, crooked, bent; entering on an apparently retrograde course (said of a planet).

Vakrin, ī, iṇī, i, crooked; retrograding, moving backwards (said of Mars and other planets); dishonest, fraudulent; (*ī*), m. a Jaina or Bauddha.

Vakrima, as, ā, am, bent, curved.

Vakriman, ā, m. crookedness, curvature; craftiness, cunning, duplicity, ambiguity.

Vakva, as, ā, am, Ved. winding about, moving crookedly, rolling, hastening.

वकल *vakala, as*, m., Ved. inner rind, bast.

वकसुहाण *vakasuhāṇa*, N. of a place.

वकुल *vakula*. See col. 2.

वकुश *vakuśa, as*, m., N. of a particular animal dwelling in the foliage of trees.

वक्क् *vakk* [cf. rts. *vashk, vask, vank*], cl. 1. A. *vakkate, vakkitum*, to go.

वक्कलिन् *vakkalin, ī*, m. (formed fr. *valkalin*), N. of a Ṛishi.

वक्कस *vakkasa* = *vakvasa*.

वक्कुल *vakkula, as*, m. a proper N.

वक्तव्य *vaktavya, vaktra*. See p. 877, col. 3.

वक्र *vakra*, &c. See col. 2.