of Vikramāditya, and by others among the ornaments of the court of Bhoja; he was the author of the Prākṛit grammar called Prākṛita-prakāśa, and is said to be the first grammarian who reduced the various dialects of Prākṛit to a system); N. of Śiva. — *Vara-rūpa, as, ā, am,* having an excellent or noble form; (*as*), m., N. of a Buddha. — *Vara-labdha, as, ā, am,* one who has obtained a boon; received as a boon; (*as*), m. Michelia Champaka; Bauhinia Variegata. — *Vara-vatsalā,* f. a mother-in-law. — *Vara-varṇa, as,* m. 'best-coloured,' gold; [cf. *su-varṇa.*] — *Vara-varṇin, ī, inī, i,* having a beautiful complexion or colour; (*inī*), f. a woman with a beautiful complexion, an excellent or handsome woman, a virtuous woman; a woman in general; N. of Durgā; of Sarasvatī; of Lakshmī; turmeric; lac; a brownish yellow pigment; a kind of plant (=*priyaṅgu, phalinī*). — *Vara-vāraṇa, as,* m. a fine elephant. — *Vara-vāsi, ayas,* m. pl., N. of a people. — *Vara-vāhlīka,* see *vara-bāhlīka.* — *Vara-vṛita, as, ā, am,* received as a boon or reward. — *Vara-vriddha, as,* m., N. of Śiva. — *Vara-śikha, as,* m., Ved., N. of an Asura whose family was destroyed by Indra (Ṛig-veda VI. 27, 4, 5). — *Vara-śīta,* cinnamon. — *Vara-śreṇī,* f. a kind of plant. — *Vara-sad, t, t, t,* Ved. dwelling in an orb or sphere, (Sāy. = *varaṇīye maṇḍale sīdat,* dwelling in the most excellent orb, i.e. the sun.) — *Vara-sundarī,* f. a very beautiful woman; a kind of metre, four times – ∪ ∪ ∪ – ∪ ∪ ∪ – ∪ ∪ ∪ – –. — *Vara-surata, as, ā, am,* well acquainted with the secrets of sexual enjoyment, very wanton. — *Vara-sena* (?), N. of a mountain pass. — *Vara-stri,* f. an excellent woman. — *Vara-sraj, k,* f. a bridegroom's garland, the garland placed by a maiden on the head of a chosen suitor. — *Varāṅga* (°*ra-aṅ*°), *am,* n. the best or most beautiful member of the body; the head; the female pudenda; the principal piece or part; an elegant form or body; (*as, ā, am*), having an excellent form, excellent or beautiful in all parts; (*as*), m. an elephant; epithet of a Nakshatra year consisting of 324 days; N. of Vishṇu; (*ī*), f. turmeric; N. of a daughter of Dṛishad-vat and wife of Saṅjāti; (*am*), n. Cassia bark, green cinnamon; sorrel (?). — *Varāṅgaka, am,* n. = *varāṅga,* Cassia bark. — *Varāṅganā* (°*ra-aṅ*°), f. a beautiful or noble woman. — *Varāṅga-rūpopeta, as, ā, am,* handsome and well shaped. — *Varāṅgin, ī,* m. 'beautiful-limbed,' sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius. — *Varājīvin* (°*ra-āj*), *ī,* m. an astrologer. — *Varājya* (°*ra-āj*°), *am,* n. the choicest ghee or clarified butter. — *Varādana* (°*ra-ad*°), *am,* n. a sort of Mimusops (=*rājādana*). — *Varānanā* (°*ra-ān*°), f. a lovely-faced woman. — *Varābhidha* (°*ra-abh*°), *as,* m. one who has a good name; sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius. — *Varāmra* (°*ra-am*°), *as,* m. a sort of acid fruit tree, Carissa Carandas. — *Varāroha* (°*ra-ār*°), *as,* m. an excellent rider; a rider on an elephant or horse; a rider in general; mounting, riding; (*as, ā, am*), having fine hips; (*as*), m., N. of Vishṇu, (perhaps incorrect for *varāha*); (*ā*), f. a handsome or elegant woman, noble lady; N. of Dākshāyaṇī in Someśvara; the hip or flank. — *Varārthin* (°*ra-ar*°), *ī, inī, i,* seeking for a boon, asking for a blessing. — *Varārha* (°*ra-ar*°), *as, ā, am,* worthy of a boon; exceedingly worthy, being in high esteem; very costly or expensive. — *Varāli* (°*ra-āli*), *is,* m. the moon; a division of music; [cf. *varāḍi.*] — *Varālikā,* f. (fr. *vara* + *āli*), N. of Durgā. — *Varāsana* (°*ra-ās*°), *am,* n. an excellent seat, the best seat, a throne; N. of a town; the China rose, Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis; a cistern, reservoir, (for *vār-āsana,* q.v.); (*as, ā, am*), having an excellent seat; (*as*), m. a door-keeper; a lover, paramour. — *Vare-ja* = *vara-ja,* Pāṇ. VI. 3, 16. — *Varendra* (°*ra-in*°), *as,* m. a chief, sovereign; Indra; N. of a part of Bengal; (*ī*), f. ancient Gauḍa or Gaur, the capital and district so named (according to some). — *Vareśa* (°*ra-īśa*), *as, ā, am,* presiding over boons, able to grant wishes. — *Vareśvara* (°*ra-īś*°), *as, ā, am,* = *vareśa;* (*as*), m., N. of Śiva. — *Varoru* (°*ra-ūru*), *us,* m. a beautiful thigh; (*us, us* or *ūs, u*), having beautiful thighs; (*us* or *ūs*), f. a beautiful-thighed woman, well-formed woman, (see *ūru.*)

Varaṃvarā, f. a particular plant (=*ćakra-parṇī*).

Varaka, as, m. a cloak; one who asks a female in marriage; a wish, request, boon; a kind of wild bean, Phaseolus Trilobus; a particular medicinal plant (=*parpaṭa*); a kind of grass (=*rūksha*); =*śara-parṇikā;* N. of a king, (also read *dhanaka, kanaka*); (*am*), n. a towel, cloth, wiper; the cover or awning of a boat.

Varaṭa, as, m. a kind of grain (probably the seed of safflower or Carthamus Tinctorius); a kind of wasp; a gander; an artisan of a particular class (placed among Mleććhas or barbarians); (*ā*), f. the seed of Carthamus Tinctorius; a kind of wasp; a goose; (*ī*), f. a kind of wasp; (*am*), n. a jasmine flower.

Varaṭaka, as, m. or *varaṭṭikā,* f. a kind of grain (=*varaṭa* above).

Varaṇa, as, m. a rampart, mound, wall of masonry, &c., outer enclosure; a causeway, bridge; the tree Cratæva Roxburghii (found in every part of India; it is used in medicine, and supposed to possess magical virtues; cf. *varuṇa, seta*); any tree; a camel; a kind of ornament or decoration on a bow; N. of a particular magical formula recited over weapons; N. of Indra; (*ās*), m. pl., N. of a people; of a kingdom; (*ā*), f., N. of a small river (running past the north of Benares into the Ganges and now called Burnah); (*am*), n. the act of screening, covering, protecting, supporting; enclosing, encircling, surrounding, encompassing; keeping off, prohibiting; the act of choosing, selecting, choice of a bride; wishing, requesting, soliciting. — *Varaṇa-mālā* or *varaṇa-sraj, k,* f. the garland placed by a maiden on the head of a selected suitor. — *Varaṇā-vatī,* f., Ved. (perhaps) N. of a river (in Atharva-veda IV. 7, 1).

Varaṇaka, as, ā, am, covering, covering over, concealing.

Varaṇasī, f. (fr. *varaṇā*), Benares, (more usually written *vārāṇasī,* q.v.)

Varaṇīya, as, ā, am, to be chosen, to be selected, &c.; to be solicited (for a boon &c.).

Varaṇḍa, as, m. a multitude; an eruption on the face; a veranda, portico; a heap of grass; the string of a fish-hook; a packet, package; (*ā*), f. a kind of thrush (=*sārikā*); a dagger, knife; the wick of a lamp. — *Varaṇḍālu* (°*ḍa-ālu*), *us,* m. a kind of bulbous plant (=*phala-puććha*); the castor-oil tree, Ricinus Communis.

Varaṇḍaka, as, m. a small mound of earth; the seat or canopy on an elephant, a howdah; an eruption on the face; a wall; (*as, ā, am*), round; large, great, large in compass or circumference; miserable, wretched, miserly; fearful, terrified.

Varaṇya, Nom. P. *varaṇyati,* &c., to go.

Varatkarī, f. a sort of perfume (=*reṇukā*).

Varatrā, f. a strap, thong, strip of leather, girth; an elephant's or horse's girth.

Varayitavya, as, ā, am, to be chosen or selected.

Varayitṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, a suitor, wooer, lover, bridegroom, husband.

Varayu, us, m. a proper N.

Varala, as, ā, m. f. a sort of gad-fly or wasp; (*ā*), f. a goose; (*ī*), f. = *varaṭā.*

Varas, as, n., Ved. width, breadth, room, space; [cf. Gr. *εὖρος.*]

Varasāna, Ved. = *dārika* (according to Uṇādi-s. II. 86).

Varasyā, f., Ved. wish, desire, request.

Varāka, as, ā, am, pitiable, miserable, unhappy, poor, wretched, low, vile; impure; (*as*), m., N. of Śiva; battle, war; N. of a plant.

Varāṭa, as, m. a cowry (used as a coin); a rope, cord; (*ī*), f. = *varāḍī.*

Varāṭaka, as, ikā, m. f. a cowry, Cypræa Moneta (=$\frac{1}{20}$ of a Kākiṇī or $\frac{1}{80}$ of a Paṇa); (*as*), m. the seed-vessel of a lotus-flower; a rope, cord, string; (*ikā*), f. the plant Mirabilis Jalapa; (*am*), n. a particular vegetable poison. — *Varāṭaka-rajas, ās,* m. a kind of plant, Mesua Roxburghii.

Varāḍī, f. (?), N. of a Rāga.

Varāṇa, as, m. = *varaṇa,* the tree Cratæva Roxburghii; N. of Indra, (in this sense said to be a Pres. Part. A. of rt. *vṛi.*)

Varāṇasī, f. the city of Benares, (more usually written *vārāṇasī,* see *varaṇasī.*)

Varātashṭa, as, m. a proper N.

Varāya, Nom. A. (?) *varāyate,* &c., to represent or become like a boon.

Varāyita, as, ā, am, become like a boon.

Varāla, cloves.

Varālaka, cloves; (*as*), m. Carissa Carandas.

Varitṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, one who covers or screens; a chooser, choosing, &c.; [cf. *varīṭṛi.*]

Varin, ī, m., N. of a divine being enumerated among the Viśve Devāḥ.

Varīman, ā, a, m. n. circumference, circuit, compass (Ved.); width, breadth, extent, greatness, expanse (Ved., in this sense an abstract noun of *uru,* q.v.); excellence, superiority, pre-eminence, (in this sense fr. *vara*); the most excellent, best, (used as an adj. for *varishṭha.*)

Varivas, as, n., Ved. room, width, space, (*varivaḥ kṛi,* to make room or space, procure ample space); freedom, relief, comfort, ease, rest, repose, bliss, happiness; wealth, treasure (=*dhana* according to Sāy. and Naigh. II. 10); worship, service, honour. — *Varivas-kṛit, t, t, t,* Ved. acquiring room, procuring space, affording relief, freeing, delivering, (Sāy. = *dhanasya kartṛi,* the causer or giver of wealth.) — *Varivo-da, as, ā, am,* Ved. giving room or space, granting freedom or relief. — *Varivo-dhā, ās, ās, am,* Ved. causing room, making a free course; granting bliss; (Sāy.) conferring riches (= *dhanasya dātṛi*). — *Varivo-vid, t, t, t,* Ved. obtaining or causing room, granting freedom, bestowing comfort or repose; granting treasures or affluence; bestowing honour, &c.

Varivasita, as, ā, am (another form of *varivasyita* below), served, honoured, adored (said of a deity or of a spiritual teacher).

Varivasya, Nom. P. *varivasyati,* &c., to grant room or space, give room to, give relief, concede, grant, permit (Ved.); to make happy or comfortable, show favour, serve, honour, adore, worship; (Sāy.) to desire wealth.

Varivasyat, an, antī, at, granting room or space; (Sāy.) desiring wealth.

Varivasyā, f. service, honour, worship, devotion, devoted obedience to a spiritual teacher.

Varivasyita, as, ā, am, served, honoured, adored, reverenced.

Varishṭha, as, ā, am, the most excellent, best, dearest, most preferable (=*vara-tama*); better than (with abl.); widest, broadest, largest, greatest, most extensive, heaviest, (in these senses regarded as a superl. of *uru*); the most conspicuous (in a bad sense), worst, most wicked; (*as*), m. the Francoline partridge; the orange tree; N. of a son of Mann Cākshusha; of one of the seven sages in the eleventh Manv-antara; of a Daitya; (*ā*), f. Polanisia Icosandra; (*am*), n. copper; pepper; [cf. Gr. *ἄριστος*; Lith. *wraũsas,* 'noblest, oldest.'] — *Varishṭhāśrama* (°*ṭha-āś*°), *as,* m., N. of a place.

Varishṭhaka, as, ā, am, = *varishṭha,* most excellent, &c.

Varīṭṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, one who covers or screens, covering, screening; [cf. *varitṛi.*]

Varīman, a, n. (=*variman,* q.v.), circumference, width, breadth, extent (Ved.); (*ā*), m. excellence, superiority, &c.

Varīyas, ān, asī, as, more excellent, better, preferable; the most excellent, best; larger, very large, wider, broader, most extensive, (in this sense regarded as a compar. of *uru,* cf. *varishṭha*); extremely young or tender; (*as*), ind. wider, more distant, further off or away; (*as*), n., Ved. = *varivas,* rest, repose; (*ān*), m., N. of one of the twenty-seven divisions of the ecliptic, the eighteenth astronomical Yoga; of a son of Manu Sāvarṇa; of a son of Pulaha by Gati; [cf. Gr. *ἀρείων*; Lat. *melior* (*v*