the king of bulls for a symbol,' epithet of Śiva. —*Vṛisha-loćana, as*, m. 'having the eyes of a bull,' a rat. —*Vṛisha-vāhana, as*, m. 'whose vehicle is a bull,' epithet of Śiva. —*Vṛisha-śatru, us*, m. 'enemy of Vṛisha or Kaṃa,' epithet of Kṛishṇa or Vishṇu. —*Vṛisha-sena, as*, m., N. of a son of Kaṃa. —*Vṛisha-skandha, as, ā, am*, 'bull-shouldered,' having the shoulders of a bull. —*Vṛishākara* (*°sha-āk°*) or *vṛishā-kara, as*, m. a kind of bean (= *māsha*). —*Vṛishāṅka* (*°sha-an°*), *as*, m. 'bull-marked,' epithet of Śiva; a pious man (as marked by virtue); the marking-nut plant; a eunuch, one employed in the women's apartments. —*Vṛishāṅka-ja, as*, m. 'Śiva-produced,' a small drum (held in one hand and played by means of a string attached to it, = *ḍamaru*). —*Vṛishāṅćana* (*°sha-añ°*), *as*, m. 'going on a bull,' epithet of Śiva. —*Vṛishādri* (*°sha-ad°*), *is*, m., N. of a mountain. —*Vṛishāntaka* (*°sha-an°*), *as*, m. 'destroyer of Vṛisha,' epithet of Kṛishṇa or Vishṇu; [cf. *vṛisha-śatru*.] —*Vṛishāhāra* (*°sha-āh°*), *as*, m. 'having rats for food,' a cat. —*Vṛishotsarga* (*°sha-ut°*), *as*, m. letting loose a bull or (according to some) a bull and four heifers on the occasion of a Śrāddha or funeral rite in honour of deceased ancestors; setting a bull at liberty on the occasion of a sacrifice or as a religious act generally; N. of a Pariśishṭa of the Sāma-veda. —*Vṛishotsarga-tattva, am*, n., N. of a part of the Smṛiti-tattva.

Vṛishaka, as, m., N. of a son of Śubala.

Vṛishaṇa, as, ī, am, sprinkling, fertilizing; (*as*), m. the scrotum or bag containing the testicles; N. of a son of Kārtavīrya. —*Vṛishaṇa-kaććhū, ūs*, f. ulceration of the scrotum.

Vṛishad-aṅji, is, is, i, Ved. sprinkling Soma libations, (Sāy. = *varshakeṇa somena siñćat*, Ṛig-veda VIII. 20, 9.)

Vṛishan, ā, ā, a, Ved. raining, pouring forth, sprinkling; bounteous; generating, engendering, male; strengthening, invigorating, manly, vigorous, young, strong (applied to the horses of Indra and to the car of the Aśvins); mighty, excellent [cf. *varshishṭha*]; (*ā*), m. a rain-cloud, rain (Ved.); 'the trickling beverage,' i. e. Soma juice, a libation [cf. *vṛisha-pāna*]; a bull; the zodiacal sign Taurus; a stallion, horse; epithet of Indra; of Agni; of Soma; epithet of various other gods; of the hero Karṇa; a kind of metre (Ved.); pain, sorrow; insensibility to pain. —*Vṛisha-karman, ā*, m., Ved. a maker or sender of rain; a showerer of benefits or favours, (Sāy. = *abhimata-varshaṇa-vyāpāra-vat*.) —*Vṛisha-kratu, us, us, u*, Ved. having vigorous or mighty strength, (Sāy. = *varshaṇa-karman*, Ṛig-veda V. 36, 5.) —*Vṛisha-khādi, is, is, i*, Ved. (according to some) having strong (ring-shaped) weapons or ornaments, (applied to the Maruts who are said to be armed or ornamented with rings on their arms, shoulders, and feet; according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda I. 64, 10. 'whose weapon is Vṛishan, i. e. Indra,' or 'whose food is Soma.') —*Vṛisha-gaṇa, as*, m., N. of a descendant of Vasishṭha (author of Ṛig-veda IX. 97, 7–9); (*ās*), m. pl. the descendants of Vṛishagaṇa. —*Vṛisha-jūti, is, is, i*, Ved. having the speed or velocity of a bull, (Sāy. = *vṛishabhir ākṛishṭa*, Ṛig-veda VIII. 33, 10.) —*Vṛishaṇ-aśva, as, ā, am*, Ved. having strong horses, strong-horsed (said of a chariot); (*as*), m. the horse of Indra; N. of the father of Menā. —*Vṛishaṇ-vat, ān, atī, at*, Ved. producing or causing rain, shedding, pouring forth. —*Vṛishaṇ-vasu, us, us, u*, Ved. having rain for treasure, affluent in showers, (Sāy. = *varshaṇa-dhana*, Ṛig-veda VIII. 5, 36); (*u*), n. the treasure of Indra. —*Vṛisha-tva, am*, n., Ved. manliness, vigour, strength. —*Vṛisha-tvā*, ind., Ved. by strength, in strength. —*Vṛisha-dhūta, as, ā, am*, Ved. crushed by males, i. e. by stones (said of the Soma). —*Vṛisha-nābhi, is, is, i*, Ved. having a strong nave, strong-naved; (Sāy.) having wheels bestowing showers (= *varshaka-nābhi-yukta*). —*Vṛishan-tama, as, ā, am*, Ved. most manly, very vigorous, most powerful; (Sāy.) most bountiful (= *atiśayena kāmānāṃ varshitṛi*, Ṛig-veda I. 100, 2). —*Vṛisha-patnī*, f., Ved. 'having a rain-cloud or a bull for a husband,' epithet of water. —*Vṛisha-pāṇa, am*, n. (i. e. *vṛishan* + *pāna*), Ved. the drinking of a libation, a Soma draught. —*Vṛisha-pāṇi, is, is, i*, Ved. strong-hoofed, (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda VII. 75, 7 = *pāṃsūnāṃ varshaka-khura*, 'having hoofs the showerers of dust,' i. e. raising the dust with their hoofs.) —*Vṛisha-prabharman, ā*, m., Ved. sending the rain-cloud, (Sāy. = *varshaṇa-śīlasya meghasya pra-hartṛi*, Ṛig-veda V. 32, 4.) —*Vṛisha-prayāvan, ā*, &c., Ved. moving vigorously, swift-passing, (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda VIII. 20, 9. *vṛisha-prayāvṇe* = *sektāraḥ prakṛishṭaṃ gantāro maruto yasmin tasmai*.) —*Vṛisha-psu, us, us, u*, Ved. strong-shaped; rain-shedding, (Sāy. = *varshaka-rūpa-yukta*, Ṛig-veda VIII. 20, 10.) —*Vṛisha-manas, ās, ās, as* (i. e. *vṛishan* + *manas*), Ved. having the courage of a bull; disposed to pour forth or bestow benefits, benevolent-minded, (Sāy. = *kāmānāṃ varshaṇa-para-manaska*, Ṛig-veda IV. 22, 6.) —*Vṛisha-ratha, as, ā, am*, Ved. having a strong or mighty car; whose car showers down blessings. —*Vṛisha-raśmi, is, is, i*, Ved. having shower-yielding reins. —*Vṛisha-vrata, as, ā, am*, Ved. acting like a bull, engaged in sprinkling (said of Soma). —*Vṛisha-vrāta, as, ā, am*, Ved. having troops or companies of males, forming troops of bulls; having abundance of rain, abounding in drops of rain. —*Vṛisha-śipra, as*, m. a proper N. —*Vṛisha-śushma, as, ā, am*, Ved. drying up or overpowering the strong, (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda IV. 36, 8 = *sektṛiṇāṃ balavatām śoshaka*); (*as*), m. (probably) 'having manly strength,' a proper N.

Vṛishandhi, is, m., Ved. a cloud (= *megha* according to Naigh. I. 10; in Ṛig-veda IV. 22, 2. Sāy. explains *vṛishandhim* by *megha-bhedana-dvāreṇa varsham kurvantam*, causing rain by dividing the clouds).

Vṛishabha, as, m. a showerer of bounties, benefactor (Ved., Sāy. = *kāmānāṃ varshayitṛi*, Ṛig-veda VI. 44, 20); a male animal; a bull, (sometimes used in the Veda as an adjective in the sense of 'manly,' 'vigorous,' 'strong,' 'powerful,' e. g. *vṛishabhaḥ śushmaḥ*, manly strength); anything good or excellent of its kind (often at the end of comps. in the sense of 'good,' 'excellent,' 'pre-eminent,' 'chief'); the hollow or orifice of the ear [cf. *ṛishabha*]; an elephant's ear; a particular drug (= *ṛishabha*; it is described as a root brought from the Himālaya mountains, resembling the horn of a bull, of cooling and tonic properties, and serviceable in catarrh and consumption); the first of the Jaina pontiffs of the present era; epithet of the twenty-eighth Muhūrta; (*ī*), f. a widow; cowach; (*ā*), f., N. of a river. —*Vṛishabha-gati, is*, m. 'going on a bull,' epithet of Śiva. —*Vṛishabha-dhvaja, as*, m. 'having a bull for an emblem,' epithet of Śiva. —*Vṛishabha-shoḍaśa, as, ī, am*, having a bull as sixteenth, i. e. fifteen (cows) and a bull. —*Vṛishabhāksha* (*°bha-ak°*), *as, ī, am*, having the eyes of a bull; (*ī*), f. a species of plant (= *indra-vāruṇī*). —*Vṛishabhekshaṇa* (*°bha-īk°*), *as*, m. 'having the eyes of a bull,' N. of Vishṇu. —*Vṛishabhaikādaśa* (*°bha-ek°*), *as, ī, am*, having a bull as the eleventh, i. e. ten (cows) and a bull.

Vṛishala, as, m. (in Manu VIII. 16. fancifully derived fr. *vṛisha*, 'justice,' + *la* for *ala* fr. *alam*, implying 'prevention;' cf. *alam*, 'away with'), a Śūdra or man of the last or servile tribe; epithet of king Candra-gupta; a man of one of the three highest classes who by neglecting his religious duties has lost his caste; a sinner, reprobate, wicked man; a horse; garlic; (*ī*), f. a woman of low caste; an unmarried girl twelve years old (in whom menstruation has commenced); a woman during menstruation; a barren woman; the mother of a still-born child. —*Vṛishala-tā*, f. or *vṛishala-tva, am*, n. the condition of a Śūdra, state of an outcast. —*Vṛishalātmaja* (*°la-āt°*), *as*, m. the son of a Vṛishala or of a reprobate. —*Vṛishalī-pati, is*, m. the husband of a Śūdrā or woman of low caste or a Brāhman who owns such a woman as his mistress. —*Vṛishalī-phena-pīta, as, ā, am*, one who has drunk the moisture of a Śūdrā's (lips). —*Vṛishalī-sevana, am*, n. paying respect to a woman of low caste, intercourse with a Śūdra female.

Vṛishalaka, as, m. a poor or contemptible Śūdra.

Vṛishasya, Nom. P. *vṛishasyati, -yitum*, to long for a bull, long for sexual intercourse.

Vṛishasyantī, f. a lascivious woman; a cow in heat.

Vṛishākapāyi, f. 'wife of Vṛishākapi,' epithet of the Dawn (as the wife of the Sun); epithet of Lakshmī; of Ganrī; of Svāhā (wife of Agni); of Śaćī (wife of Indra); of the mother of Indra; Asparagus Racemosus; the plant Celtis Orientalis.

Vṛishākapi, is, m. (probably connected with *vṛishan*, 'sprinkler' or 'irrigator,' and *kapi* meaning 'ape' or 'tremulous'), an epithet of the sun (so called as drawing up vapour and irrigating with mist); N. of Kṛishṇa or Vishṇu; of Śiva or Rudra; of one of the eleven Rudras (according to the Bhāgavata-Purāṇa); of Agni or fire; N. of the author of part of Ṛig-veda X. 86 (having the patronymic Aindra); of the hymn Ṛig-veda X. 86.

Vṛishāṇaka, as, m., N. of the author of Ṛig-veda X. 136, 4 (having the patronymic Vātaraśana); a N. or form of Śiva.

Vṛishāya, Nom. A. *vṛishāyate, -yitum*, Ved. to act like a bull; to roar like one; to fertilize.

Vṛishāyaṇa, as, m., N. of Śiva; a sparrow (= *ćaṭaka*).

Vṛishāyamāṇa, as, ā, am, Ved. acting like a bull, eager as a bull.

Vṛishin, ī, m. a peacock (either as 'fond of rain' or as 'having a particular plumage').

Vṛishṭa, as, ā, am, rained; raining down, showering; raining; (*as*), m., N. of a son of Kukkura. —*Vṛishṭa-vat, ān, atī, at*, one who has rained.

Vṛishṭi, is, f. rain, a shower; (in the Sāṅkhya phil.) one of the four forms of internal acquiescence; [cf. *salila*.] —*Vṛishṭi-kara, as, ī, am*, producing rain, sprinkling, raining. —*Vṛishṭi-kāla, as*, m. the rainy season. —*Vṛishṭi-ghnī*, f. a kind of cardamoms (as 'preventing moistnre?'). —*Vṛishṭi-jīvana, as, ā, am*, 'living by rain,' (land) nourished or watered by rain (= *deva-mātṛika*). —*Vṛishṭi-dyāvā*, m. dn., Ved. causing a rainy sky; epithet of Mitra and Varuṇa, (Ṛig-veda V. 68, 5.) —*Vṛishṭi-bhū, ūs, ūs, u*, born or produced in rain; (*ūs*), m. a frog. —*Vṛishṭi-mat, ān, atī, at*, possessed of rain, rain-producing, full of rain, rainy; (*ān*), m. a cloud. —*Vṛishṭi-vani, is*, f., Ved. a request or prayer for rain [cf. *vasu-vani*]; (*is, is, i*), desiring rain, seeking or praying for rain. —*Vṛishṭi-sampāta, as*, m. a shower of rain. —*Vṛishṭi-havya, as*, m., Ved. a proper N.

Vṛishṭvī, ind. having been showered down, (in Ṛig-veda V. 53, 14. according to Sāy. = *vṛishṭishu preritāsu satīshu*, on rain being sent.)

Vṛishṇi, is, is, i, raining, showering blessings (said of Indra; Sāy. = *kāmānāṃ varshitṛi*, Ṛig-veda I. 10, 2); angry, passionate; heretical, heterodox; (*is*), m. a ram; a ray of light; air, wind; a heretic, sectary; N. of a descendant of Yadu and ancestor of Kṛishṇa; epithet of Kṛishṇa [cf. *vārshṇeya*]; of Indra; of Agni; (*ayas*), m. pl., N. of a tribe or family (descendants of Vṛishṇi and relations of Kṛishṇa); N. of a class of Kshatriyas and Vaiśyas; [cf. Gr. *ἀρνός, ἀρνειός, ῥήν, ἔρσαι, ἔριφος*.] —*Vṛishṇi-garbha, as*, m. 'born in the family of Vṛishṇi,' epithet of Kṛishṇa. —*Vṛishṇi-mat, ān*, m., N. of a king.

Vṛishṇya, as, ā, am, Ved. fecundating; (*am*), n. a vigorous or manly act; strength, (Sāy. = *vīrya*.) —*Vṛishṇyā-vat, ān, atī, at* (in the Pada text *vṛishṇya-vat*), Ved. possessed of vigour or strength, vigorous; (*ān*), m. 'the vigorous god,' epithet of Parjanya; the causer of rain, (according to Sāy. on Ṛig-veda V. 83, 2 = *varsha-karma-vat*.)

Vṛishya, as, ā, am, to be sprinkled or showered down, to be rained; aphrodisiac, provocative of sexual